Time: Three hours

Maximum: 75 marks

PART A — $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$

Answer any TEN questions.

- 1. What is a topology?
- 2. Name the two major categories of transmission media.
- 3. Why are protocols needed?
- 4. Define: "Checksum".
- 5. What is routing?
- 6. Mention the responsibilities of data link layer.
- 7. What are the services provided by the network layer?
- 8. Write a short note on error correction.
- 9. Define: "Reliable Flooding".
- 10. What is the function of gateway?
- 11. What do you mean by redundancy?
- 12. Define: "ICMP".

PART B - $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ marks})$

Answer any FIVE questions.

- 13. Describe the TCP/IP reference model with a diagram.
- 14. Write down the characteristics of twisted-pair wiring.
- 15. Explain the different types of error-correcting codes.
- 16. Write down the design issues of network layer.
- 17. Summarize the advantages of distance vector routing.
- 18. What are the services provided to the upper layers in transport layer? Explain.
- 19. Elaborate the two fundamental cryptographic principles.

PART C — $(3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Answer any THREE questions.

- 20. What are the categories of coaxial cables? Explain.
- 21. Discuss the major components of telephone network.

- 22. Illustrate the simplex stop-and-wait protocol for an error-free channel.
- 23. What is congestion control? Describe the principles of congestion control algorithms.
- 24. Explain the connection establishment and connection release in transport protocol.

3